The Virginia Journal AND ALEXANDRIA ADVERTISER.

HUC UNDIQUE GAZA CONGERITUR—— VIRG.

(VOL. III.) THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1786. (No. 137.)

VENICE, May 13.

TWO principal matters at preſent throw our Republic into the greateſt confuſion and alarm. Our diſputes with the Tuniſians are the ſource of endleſs expences in proviſions, ammunition, in fitting out ſhips, in order to ſupport the ſtrength of the Chevalier Emo's fleet. All theſe precautions have not tended to ſhorten the war; and the trifling advantages we have gained, are far from compenſating for the expence of men and money, which theſe expeditions require.

The ſecond object of our alarms is ſtill more preſſing; the Pacha of Scutari has made war more upon our territories than thoſe of his own nation. He is continually making excurſions which are attended with ſhocking ſcenes of bloodſhed, We have found no good effects from the orders which the Porte gave to all the Pachas to proceed againſt the rebels, and we begin to ſuſpect foul play in this conduct of the Divan. On this account the ſenate are doubly vigilant in making head againſt this enemy, and Spalatro is ordered to be fortified.

WARSAW, May 17.

The late news from Conſtantinople is by no means of a pacific tendency. That capital is ſaid to be diſtracted with all the horrors of an open rebellion in favor of Prince Selim, who is impatient to ſucceed to the throne.

MADRID, May 29.

Comte O'Reilly, late Governor of Cadiz, is arrived here, and was moſt graciouſly received at court, a circumſtance that proves that all the reports induſtriouſly ſpread of that nombleman's complete diſgrace were totally groundleſs. It is known beſides, that he made a voluntary ſurrender of all his high dignities, wiſhing to ſpend the remainder of his life in peace and retirement; and that he received an anſwer from his Majeſty, full of the moſt flattering expreſſions of his royal ſatisfaction for paſt ſervices, and a promiſe of future favors.

FRANKFORT, May 26.

We have received accounts from Conſtantinople, that the Empreſs of Ruſſia has given notice to the Porte, that if they continue clandeſtinely to furniſh ſuccours to the Tartars, who have riſen up againſt the Ruſſians, and ſeem to threaten Crimea; if they do not declare thoſe of their ſubjects who enter into the Tartarian army to be rebels; if, in ſhort, they do not call back the emiſſaries, which it is well known they ſupport among the Tartars to excite thoſe people to take up arms againſt the Ruſſians, the Empreſs will be obliged to look upon any continuation of ſuch proceedings as an open declaration of war. The Divan denies having taken any part in the inſurrection of the Tartars, with an offer to puniſh with death any of their ſubjects who may fall into the hands of the Ruſſians, and who ſhall be delivered up by them to the Porte, as proper to be made examples of to intimidate others. We do not know what effect this declaration will have at Peterſburg.

LONDON, May 18.

They write from the Iſle of Man, that a gang of ſmugglers, who had had their veſſel taken from them by one of the revenue cutters, in the night of the 8th inſt. came in a ſmall boat into the harbour, boarded their veſſel, ſecured the people that were on board to guard her, and immediately put to ſea with the whole cargo in her. When they had ſailed about two leagues, a conſultation was held how they ſhould diſpoſe of the men; ſome were for throwing them overboard, but the Captain, being an Engliſhman, prevailed on the reſt to give them the boat, to get to land as they could. By the time they had ſettled the matter, they were near four leagues from the iſland; they were put into the boat, without any thing either to eat or drink, but as day light appeared they could juſt ſee ſome part of the iſland, at which, in about ſix hours they arrived ſafe.

June 17. Mr. Fox hath obtained a verdict in the court of common pleas, with 2000l. damages, againſt the high Bailiff of Weſtminſter, for maliciouſly withholding a return after a clear majority of inconteſtible votes appeared on the poll in favor of Mr. Fox.

The ſum of money given by the verdict of the jury, Mr. Fox declared he ſhould diſtribute among the charities of Weſtminſter.

Whenever this country is ſo unfortunate as to be engaged in a freſh war, it is more than probable the Eaſt will be the great theatre of it, as the Weſt was in the laſt war; for our natural enemies look with an envious eye at our flouriſhing poſſeſſions in that quarter, where every thing wears an appearance that aſtoniſhes thoſe who would be glad to ſee them in a different light.

"While Dr. Franklin was at Paris laſt war, he happened to mention at his table that he had but little Madera wine, upon which an American gueſt, ſent him three dozen. A few days afterwards this gentleman was thrown into the Baſtile, and confined there ſeveral weeks, without the leaſt intimation of what he was accuſed of, only on his earneſt inquiry, one of the officers told him he was afraid it would go hard with him, and aſked him whether he was a Catholic, and would he attended by a prieſt, which he, being a Proteſtant, refuſed. After ſome time a bottle of wine was brought, and was aſked whether he knew what wine it was, and was ordered to drink it: He complied, and anſwered that he believed it was ſome of his own Madera. At length he was releaſed, and then he diſcovered that Dr. Franklin had been taken ill ſoon after he received his preſent, and it was imagined that this injured gentleman had been hired by the Engliſh Court to poiſon the Doctor."

June 20. An additional number of troops is to be ſent to Canada, to ſtrengthen Oſwego, and the other forts upon the Boundary Line which the Americans are attempting to wreſt from us, miniſtry being determined not to make a tame ſurrender of them to a rabble who have no national authority for the enterpriſe which they have undertaken.

June 27. Mr. Pitt preſented a meſſage from his Majeſty to the Houſe, requeſting them to enable his Majeſty to reward the ſervices of Sir Guy Carelton, during the laſt war. It is propoſed to ſettle 1000l. ſterling per annum on his lady, and the like penſion on his two ſons. The meſſage will this day be taken up by a committee of the whole Houſe.

On the 14th, Lord Sydney preſented to his Majeſty one of the moſt beautiful and largeſt diamonds in Europe. The diamond was a preſent from the Nezam of Decan, an Indian Prince, and which was thought to have been loſt in the Hinchenbroke Indiaman, but was ſaved in the following extraordinary manner. The Nezam ſent it to Mr. Haſtings to be preſented to his Majeſty in his name, but before it arrived at Bengal, the Govenor-General had ſailed for England; it was then delivered to Capt. Church of the 102d regiment, who had taken his paſſage for England in the Hinchenbroke; at the time of the veſſel's ſtriking, a Laſcar taking advantage of the diſorder and confuſion uſual on ſuch occaſions, poſſeſſed himſelf of a ſmall cheſt belonging to Capt. Church, in which was the diamond and ſeveral other valuable articles, this fellow got ſafe on ſhore, and being unable to open it, fairly made a virtue of neceſſity, and delivered it to Mr. Crofts, reſident at the Nezam's court. Mr. Crofts ſent it to Europe, addreſſed to Mr. Blair, who delivered it to Mr. Haſtings, the latter gentleman gave it to Major Scott, and he to Lord Sydney, who had the honor of preſenting it to his Majeſty.

The plan which has been digeſted by Earl Ferrers for ſupplying the royal navy with ſeamen in time of war without recurring to the cruel method of impreſſing, has been examined and approved of by the Lords of the Admiralty.

By the laſt advices from the Eaſt-Indies, the Dutch have ſent there a much more conſiderable military force than is generally known in this country, and every ſhip that arrives there, whether for war or trade, is obliged to bring a certain quantity of military or naval ſtores, with materials for building new and repairing old fortifications, by which means in a ſhort time the Mynheers will imperceptibly raiſe a conſiderable force in that part of the world, where they are already attempting to increaſe their influence with the natives, by preſents, treaties, &c. &c.

They write from Copenhagen, that on the very night of the nuptials of the Princeſs Royal, the Princeſs's bridegroom was robbed of a hat adorned with diamonds, to the value of above 6000 crowns, and that notwithſtanding the cloſeſt and moſt ſpeedy inquiry, no trace could be found to identify the bold plunderer.

Extract of a letter from Verſailles, dated June 26.

"The King left Rambouillet at five in the morning of the 21ſt, for Cherbourg. He was dreſſed altogether in a travelling habit. The ſuit he will wear at Cherbourg, is of ſcarlet cloth, embroidered in the ſame manner as the Lieutenant-Generals, intermixed with fleures-de-lis, with gold edging. The King was in high ſpirits at his departure, which continued the whole time of his journey. His Majeſty was conducted by his own horſes as far as Houden, at which place he took poſt-horſes; and having alighted while ſomething neceſſary was doing to one of the carriages, a woman, ſaid to be the wife of a ſurgeon of that neighbourhood, threw herſelf at his feet, teſtifying how happy ſhe was to ſee him, and embraced his knees; and that ſhe could now die content, as ſhe had had the ſupreme pleaſure of beholding her Sovereign. His Majeſty with the greateſt goodneſs raiſed her up. The woman in her tranſport of joy embraced the King, who received this mark of ingenuous affection with great ſenſibility, and embraced her in his turn, amidſt the plaudits of ſurrounding thouſands. His Majeſty aſked if ſhe had any requeſt to make for herſelf? No, my King, replied ſhe, I am in want of nothing; I have ſeen you, and I deſire nothing more. But I have a neighbour who has twelve children, a good motherly woman, eſteemed by every body, and ſhe is poor,—I underſtand you: Let her preſent a memorial to me at ſuch a place (the King mentioning the place to her) and on your recommendation I will provide for her. His Majeſty ſhewed the ſame affability and goodneſs of heart in every place he paſſed through.

"The ſame day his Majeſty lodged at Harcourt, and the next day arrived at Cherbourg, at ten o'clock in the morning.—It was paſt twelve before his Majeſty went to reſt, notwithſtanding which, he was up before four o'clock the next morning.—He attended Maſs, and was at the river ſide by half after four.—A barge carried him over to the iſle of Palee, from whence he went to view the cone or pier to be fixed in the harbour which was floated to its deſtination with the deſired ſucceſs, but not without an accident. [One man was killed, and three or four wounded. The King ſettled a penſion of 600 livres per annum on the widow, and ordered the wounded men to be taken care of at his expence.] After this operation was finiſhed, his Majeſty went on board the ſquadron from Breſt, which had been ſome days in the harbour of Cherbourg:—It was nine o'clock in the morning when the courier brought us this account. His Majeſty was to leave the fleet at noon, to dine at the Abby of Cherbourg, where he lodges during his ſtay. The ſight of the fleet, muſt, no doubt, have given his Majeſty much

ſatisfaction, it being the firſt time he had the pleaſure of ſeeing one of its number before.—He ſaw upwards of fifty ſail aſſembled together large and ſmall, and ſeveral Engliſh veſſels, drawn there by the preſence of his Majeſty, had mixed among ours."

From the LONDON GAZETTE.

St. James's, June 28.

This day the Chevalier de Pinto, Envoy Extraordinary, and Miniſter Plenipotentiary from Portugal, had a private audience of his Majeſty, to notify the death of his Moſt Faithful Majeſty, Peter the Third, King of Portugal. To which he was introduced by the Marquis of Carmarthen, his Majeſty's Principal Secretary of State, for foreign Affairs, and conducted by Stephen Cottrell, Eſq; Aſſiſtant Maſter of the Ceremonies.

June 30. The following order, ſent to us by our Berlin correſpondent, as delivered to the troops aſſembled on the parade in that capital, breathes ſo much of the true ſpirit of a noble-hearted ſoldier, as to do the higheſt credit to General Mollendorf, who is the author of it, and ought to be held out as a memento to thoſe officers, who, more proud than gallant, dare look at privates as hardly worth their notice. We hope it will fall into the hands of ſome of our overbearing Bobadils, and teach them their duty as men and officers. This piece of ſoldierly eloquence is to the following purport:

"For theſe two years that I am honored with the command of this reſidence, I have ever endeavoured to do away amongſt the officers that ſpirit of contempt which they ſeem to entertain againſt the private ſoldiers, and to my great comfort I perceive that the care I have taken has been productive of the beſt conſequences in the regiments that compoſe this garriſon, one only excepted, which I ſhall not yet mention, but whoſe officers perſiſting in old prejudices, continue to humble their ſoldiers by inhuman treatments, outrageous upbraidings, and tyrannical puniſhments. I would adviſe, however, the commanding-officers, who are the authors of ſuch exceſſes, to put as ſpeedy an end to them as poſſible, and to endeavour in future to maintain good order and ſubordination, not by tyranny, but by exciting an ambitious emulation, ſuch is his Majeſty's intention. The King does not admit into his army pityful raſcals, knaves or rogues," but a ſet of brave ſoldiers as ourſelves, though a lucky chance has raiſed us to higher poſt which many privates might fill up as well. Each officer ought to deem it a glory to have the command over men of honor, and remember that he diſgraces himſelf by humbling thoſe who ſerve under him."

The preparations which the French are making at Cherbourg, and which were announced ſome time ago in this paper, are truly alarming. The marine of France, was never ſo ſeriouſly attended to, as it hath been during the laſt eight or nine years; and having no harbour in the channel, they are determined to make one. The formidable works going on at Cherbourg, will form an harbour capacious enough to contain 40 ſhips of the line.

JULY 7.

To the Printer of the MORNING CHRONICLE.

Cavendiſh-Square, 6th July, 1786.

SIR,

The following paragraph appeared in the Morning Herald of this day:

"Yeſterday Lord Sydney, one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, waited upon Mr. Haſtings, and acquainted him, that the King was extremely diſſatisfied with the myſterious account of the diamond, given by Major Scott; as alſo highly diſpleaſed with the many contradictions and injudicious inſinuations in Mr. Haſtings's letter; and therefore his Majeſty, on mature conſideration, was determined to return the diamond, as the undoubted property of Mr. Haſtings. His Lordſhip added, with peculiar energy, the King was induced to take this ſtep (however unwillingly) as the public juſtly conceived, that the many various devices artfully practiſed to paſs the diamond as a preſent from the Nezam, were merely a pretext to deceive his Majeſty into an acceptance of it. Mr. Haſtings aſſured Lord Sidney, that he would very ſhortly give a moſt explicit and ſatisfactory narrative of the whole affair; and in the mean time made it his moſt humble and dutiful requeſt, that his Majeſty would not liſten to the malicious ſuggeſtions of his enemies, but poſtpone his reſolution of returning the diamond for a few days."

As ſoon as I had read it, I wrote a note to Lord Sydney, which, with his Lordſhip's reply, I wiſh to communicate through your paper to the public.

"Cavendiſh-Square, Thurſday morning, July 6.

"I am very much concerned to be under the diſagreeable neceſſity of intruding for a moment upon your Lordſhip's time at the preſent buſy ſeaſon of the year, but a paragraph in the Morning Herald of this day, which I incloſe for your Lordſhip's peruſal, appears to me of ſo ſerious a nature, and Mr. Haſtings, to whom it alſo relates, not being in London, that I requeſt your Lordſhip will do me the honor to inform me by a line, either from yourſelf, or by your order, whether there is any foundation for an aſſertion ſo poſitively made; indeed I ought to apologize to your Lordſhip for aſking ſuch a queſtion, as I have ſcarcely a doubt of its being a falſehood, having ſeen Mr. Haſtings late yeſterday evening; but when your Lordſhip conſiders the infamous falſehoods that have been ſo boldly aſſerted reſpecting my conduct in this affair, from the day I had the honor to wait upon you, I am confident you will have the goodneſs to excuſe my anxiety upon this occaſion. I have the honor to ſubſcribe myſelf, with reſpect, your Lordſhip's moſt obedient, and faithful humble ſervant,

"JOHN SCOTT."

The Right Hon. Lord SYDNEY.

"Albemarle-ſtreet, July 6, 1786.

"SIR,

"Having read the paragraph to which I apprehend you allude, I have only to aſſure you, that it does not contain a word of truth. I never was in the houſe of Mr. Haſtings in my life, nor ever had the leaſt converſation with him on the ſubject of the diamond. I am, with great regard, Sir, your moſt obedient, humble ſervant,

"SYDNEY."

Major SCOTT.

I ſhall not offer any remarks of my own upon the infamy of the attempt to injure me in the public opinion, by the inſertion of ſo groſs a falſehood, or of the ſtill greater injuſtice which would be done to Mr. Haſtings, were a confident aſſertion of this nature to paſs for a day uncontradicted. I am, Sir, your humble ſervant,

JOHN SCOTT.

PORTLAND, (Maſſachuſetts) July 27.

One of the favorite tenets of the new Turkiſh prophet is, "that the people's firſt care ſhould be to promote agriculture, as the nobleſt of all arts, the riſe and ſupport of all States."—Would to God that a prophet, teaching the ſame doctrine, might ariſe in the Province of Maine; and the people believe in him, or at leaſt in what he ſhould teach!—This the politician with propriety might term a *ſaving faith.*

A gentleman from New-Glouceſter informs, that he has tried the experiment lately recommended in this gazette by C. Ford, Eſq; of ſowing ſalt with flax; and that the ſucceſs is likely far to exceed his expectations: Flax that was very ſmall and weak, and that he feared would be good for nothing, at the time of ſtrewing the ſalt, is now in a flouriſhing ſtate—that on which he threw no ſalt, remains in its former unpromiſing condition.

BOSTON, Auguſt 22.

On Sunday laſt the brig Active, Captain Fletcher, ſailed for London. She carried, as is uſual for every veſſel which ſails from the United States for that port, a large quantity of gold and ſilver.

Aug. 28. At the funeral of the Hon. Mr. Erving on Tueſday laſt, the Governor of this Commonwealth, whoſe Lady is a daughter of the deceaſed, exhibited to us an example which cannot but be highly gratifying to the virtuous inhabitants of this town, and Commonwealth; his Excellency, with the other relations, appearing in a mode of dreſs, adapted to the true ſpirit of our republican conſtitution, and rendered peculiarly ſeaſonable under the preſent ſituation of public affairs—To ſtem a torrent of luxury and expenſive parade is the part of a *Patriot.* Examples of men in the more private walks of life will have *ſome* good effect, but when the Supreme Magiſtrate, and thoſe of the moſt opulent fortunes, are the patterns of decorum, the influence will be extended far and wide, and a complete reformation may reaſonably be expected.

Died on Wedneſday laſt, John Marſton, Eſq; aged 72. His remains, preceded by a large number of Brethren of the Ancient and Honorable Fraternity of Maſons in proper habiliments, and bearing the uſual inſignias, and a band of muſic, playing a ſolemn dirge, and followed by a reſpectable number of gentlemen, &c. were interred on Friday laſt.

PITTSBURGH, Auguſt 19.

From the 6th of July laſt to the 10th inſtant, the following peltry was bought up by one trader in this place, from the Indians, and moſtly paid for in whiſky and flour: 2173 ſummer deer-ſkins: 74 fall ditto ditto: 48 fawn ditto: 94 bear ditto: 37 elk ditto: 84 beaver ditto: 278 racoon ditto: 29 fox ditto: 419 muſkrat ditto: 29 fiſhers ditto: 14 martins ditto: 15 wild cat ditto: 17 wolves ditto: 16 panther ditto: 67 pair of mockinſons.

Quere. What muſt the whole Indian trade of this place amount to during that time, or for one year; what the advantages of the Indian trade to this town and country adjacent?

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 6.

Extract of a letter, dated Cadiz, July 11, to a gentleman in this city.

"We have no news in this quarter, except that of PEACE being made by the American Ambaſſador, with the Emperor of Morocco; and it is reported, that he has given them an excluſive trade to and from M——. The above account I read in a letter from a reſpectable houſe in Gibraltar, to the Britiſh Conſul here."

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY, *Sept.* 2,

On motion by Mr. Whitehill, ſeconded by Mr. Finlay, it was unanimouſly agreed to by the houſe, That the committee of accounts be directed to examine and BURN the ſum of £. 20,000 of the bills of credit of this State laſt emitted, which ſhould be prepared and cancelled by the treaſurer for that purpoſe, in purſuance of the act for ſtriking the ſame.

RICHMOND, September 6.

By a veſſel arrived at Norfolk, in fifteen days from St. Bartholomew's, we have received the following Proclamation;

By his Excellency Baron de Rayalin, Governor in and over the Iſland of St. Bartholomew, and its dependencies.

"WHEREAS, from time to time we have obſerved, that numbers of foreigners reſiding throughout the different iſlands in our vicinity, make a practice of purchaſing cargoes of lumber, &c. and ſending it to theſe iſlands for their own conveniency of exportation, whereby it evidently appears that our late ſettlers and inhabitants of this Colony, are deprived of thoſe privileges and advantages, which they only, and no others, are juſtly entitled to: And as we are well perſuaded of the chief will, inclination and intent of our gracious King and Sovereign, and his very particular wiſh and deſire, to promote and benefit all our inhabitants and late ſettlers, as alſo thoſe who may in future throw themſelves under his Royal and beneficent protection, we do hereby enact and make known, to all whom it may or doth concern, That henceforward, both natives and foreigners, not reſiding in this our Colony, but in foreign dominions, ſhall pay the lawful and juſt tribute or duty of 2½ per cent. on articles of commerce, excepting Weſt-India produce in general, ſo imported and exported.

Given under our hand, this tenth day of Auguſt, 1786.

BARON DE RAYALIN."

ALEXANDRIA, September 14.

About 4 o'Clock laſt Tueſday Morning, Mr. Mac Daniel's Tavern in Dumfries was deſtroyed by Fire, ſuppoſed to be occaſioned by a Candle being left in the Bar.—A Number of Gentlemen were aſleep in the Houſe, and narrowly eſcaped by jumping out of the Chamber Windows, ſome of whom were much hurt. The Fire had got to ſo great a Height before diſcovered, that many of the Gentlemen had not Time even to take their wearing Apparel with them.

Friday laſt arrived here from Surinam, the Sloop Polly, Capt. Bartlett.—In Lat. 25, Long. 65, he ſpoke the Ship Virginia, Capt. Nicholls, from Portſmouth for Hiſpaniola, 20 Days out.

The Juno, Allenby, from Georgia and Virginia, paſſed Graveſend the 4th of July.

The Thomas and Sally, Dorſet, from Virginia, paſſed Graveſend the 22d of June.

The Grange, Capt. Roberts, from Liverpool, is arrived at Philadelphia.

Extract from the Journals of Congreſs, Thurſday Auguſt 3, 1786.

"On a Report of the Secretary at War on the Expediency of retaining Weſt-Point as a military Poſt:—Reſolved, That the Board of Treaſury endeavour to negociate with the legal Proprietor of Weſt-Point, on Hudſon's River, the purchaſe of the ſame for the United States, on an equitable Appraiſement, together with ſo much Land contiguous thereto as ſhall be deemed by the Secretary at War neceſſary to be included within the Limits of the Garriſon; and that the Board agree for the Terms of Payment in the Manner moſt conſiſtent with the State of the Finances of the United States."

Lately married at Dumfries, WILLOUGHBY TEBBS, Eſq; to the amiable and accompliſhed Miſs BETSY CARR, Daughter of WILLIAM CARR, Eſq; Merchant.

Died at Philadelphia, very much reſpected, in the 24th year of his Age, Mr. JOHN SWITZER, Printer.

NAVAL-OFFICE, ALEXANDRIA.

Inward Entries. Sloop Betſy, D. Thurber, from Providence; Sloop Suſannah, B. Ingraham, St. Euſtatia; Schooner Surpriſe, L. Lazore, Baltimore; Sloop Polly, J. Ellwood, Philadelphia; Sloop Polly, W. Bartlett, Surinam; Brig Adventure, R. Sanderſon, Barbadoes.

Cleared Outwards. Brig Eglington, P. Woodrow, for Baltimore; Sloop Mulberry, J. Hanſe, Philadelphia; Schooner Jeſſe, S. Davis, St. Bartholomew; Brig General Ord, P. Moone, St. Euſtatia.

☞ On Friday Evening will be performed a Comedy, called SHE STOOPS to CONQUER, or the MISTAKES of a NIGHT. And the Entertainment of BON TON, or HIGH LIFE ABOVE STAIRS, being for the Benefit of Mr. VILLIERS and Mrs. REMINGTON.

From the MASSACHUSETTS CENTINEL,

TORTURIAL EXHIBITION.

MR. D'ILMAN, a torturer newly arrived in this metropolis, from the city of Augſburg, in Germany, begs leave to inform the cruel and inſenſible of this town, that he exhibits many curious tortures of living birds—which he has had the infamy of exhibiting before a variety of Europeans, Among a number of curious tortures are the following: 1ſt. A living bird is preſented on a rack, and lies extended as if really dead.—2d. A living bird is drilled into a ſoldier, and tortured with the accoutrement of one.—3d. A living bird is placed on a cannon, which he ſets fire to by a match fixed in his claws—this is ſo contrary to nature that four weeks torture are neceſſary to bring the animal to it.—4th. He tortures a living bird by the wings, until he extracts all his Dutch ideas to make room for Engliſh ones—no impoſition!—He puts a bird on a rack—ſurrounds him with powder, and ſets fire to it—but the bird moves not—being tortured in ſuch a manner as to extinguiſh the firſt principle of nature—*ſelf preſervation.* The above feats are effected by ſtupifying potions, and the diſcipline of the whip. N. B. Ladies and gentlemen may have *Kittens, Lap-Dogs* and *Yellow Birds* initiated at a ſmall expence. Tickets for the torturial exhibition 3s. 1ſ6, and 1s. only for children, to inure them betimes to inhumanity.

Robert Adam,

Has for Sale,

TENERIFF WINE of the beſt quality, in pipes, hogſheads and quarter caſks, a few quarter cheſts of excellent HYSON TEA, RICE in tierces, OLD JAMAICA SPIRITS, and SUGAR by the barrel.—Alſo, two NEGRO GIRLS, one about 11 years of age, the other 9.—For terms apply as above.

Alexandria, Sept. 14, 1786.

PUBLIC SALE OF

LANDS, &c.

ON the 6th day of October next, will be expoſed to Public Sale, at Mr. William Mac Daniel's tavern, Dumfries, a valuable tract of land, moſt pleaſantly ſituated on the banks of Potomack, in the County of Prince William, two miles above the mouth of Quantico, containing about 200 acres. One plantation of which has 40 acres of excellent marſh for hay, about the ſame quantity of cleared ground fit for cultivation, on which is a commodious dwelling-houſe 38 by 16 feet, with two brick chimnies, three rooms on the firſt floor, a paſſage of 8 feet wide, and a good cellar under ground, walled up with ſtone. There is another ſmall Plantation of 15 acres of cleared land, with ſome ſmall houſes. The whole is well timbered, has good water, and one of the beſt fiſhing ſhores on the river, lies convenient to the beſt markets, either by land or water carriage, being only three miles from Dumfries, 8 from Colcheſter, and 25 from Alexandria; within 4 miles is a good merchant mill, and the iron works of Neabſco are at about the ſame diſtance. Caſh, tobacco or ſlaves, will be taken in payment. For a view of the premiſes, or further particulars, pleaſe to apply to Mr. THOMAS BIRD, or my brother NATHANIEL WICKLIFF, poſſeſſor of the lands adjoining.

CHARLES WICKLIFF.

September 14, 1786.

FOR SALE,

A LEASE for three lives of 277 acres of LAND, lying near the head of Difficult-Run, in Loudon County, about twenty miles from Alexandria, convenient to ſeveral merchant mills: The ſoil is excellent for tobacco, corn, and wheat, and there is thirty-one buſhels of wheat ſowed. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe the ſaid leaſe, may ſee the premiſes by applying to John Winn, who lives on the land, and may know the terms by applying to the ſubſcriber, living in Fairfax County, near the Falls Church.

JAMES WREN.

September 8, 1786.

The Executors of GEORGE

WEST, late of Loudon County, requeſt all perſons having claims againſt his eſtate to bring them in properly atteſted; and all thoſe who ſtand indebted to the ſaid eſtate are requeſted to pay off their ſeveral and reſpective balances, that the Executors may be enabled to diſcharge their truſt.

CHARLES LITTLE,
WILLIAM WEST.

September 11, 1786.

Stolen out of the Stage-

Office, on Saturday evening laſt, a ſmall ſilver French made WATCH, with gold hands, number unknown, *I. R.* on the back in a cypher.—Whoever will return ſaid Watch, ſhall have SIX DOLLARS reward, and if the thief is ſecured, TEN DOLLARS. WALTER DORSETT.

Alexandria, September 14, 1786.

William Hunter, jun.

Has for ſale, on the moſt reaſonable terms, for caſh or country produce,

JAMAICA SPIRITS by the puncheon,
Old Cogniac brandy in pipes,
Fyal wine in ditto,
Mountain ditto in butts,
Port ditto in hogſheads,
Raiſins of the ſun in caſks,
Ditto bloom in jars,
Liverpool ſalt,
St. Ubes, ditto,
A variety of dry goods,

Alexandria, September 14, 1786.

On Wedneſday the 20th inſtant, at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, will be offered to the higheſt bidder on the premiſes, for the term of ſixteen years, commencing the 16th of June next, and immediate poſſeſſion given,

THAT valuable lot on Fairfax-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite Colonel Ramſay's, belonging to the eſtate of Mr. H. LYLES, deceaſed. The improvements thereon are a ſtable, ſtore-houſe, and a convenient bake houſe in good order. The ſituation is amongſt the moſt deſirable in town, and will ſuit a perſon in almoſt any kind of public buſineſs. The terms will be made known on the day of ſale, and be highly advantageous to the purchaſer.

WILLIAM LYLES, } Adminiſtrators.
JAMES HENDRICKS, }

Alexandria, September 6, 1786.

FOR SALE,

LANDS

IN VIRGINIA.

ABOUT 1300 acres in the County of Loudon, within 40 miles of Alexandria, lying on Bull-Run, well ſuited for cropping or farming, as a great part of the land has never been cleared, and it has been judged that there are near 250 acres of meadow land within the tract, and good apple and peach orchards.—This land will be ſhewn by Mr. J. Chapman, who lives near the place; and caſh, good bills on any part of Great-Britain, or good merchantable crop tobacco, will be received in payment.——A great advantage may be made by the purchaſer who will pay for the land by the 16th of October next.—Matthew Whiting, Eſq; in Prince-William, on Bull-Run, will treat for the ſale of this tract.

The ſubſcriber will alſo ſell one-fourth of a ſhare in the Diſmal-Swamp, amounting to about 1000 acres; and about 400 acres in the Green Seas: Theſe two tracts are equal in ſoil and timber to any lands in the State, and are very convenient to the flouriſhing towns of Norfolk, Portſmouth, and Suffolk.

He will alſo ſell one half of his intereſt in a TRACT of LAND called the Frying-Pan, lying in the County of Loudon, and amounting to about 1000 acres.—Alſo two ſmall TRACTS of LAND in Glouceſter County, conveniently ſituated with reſpect to navigation, fiſh and oyſters, churches, court-houſe, mills, and the towns of Williamſburg, York, and Urbanna.

The ſubſcriber has alſo for ſale, a number of NEGROES; the high blooded, highly formed, and beautiful Bay Stud SAMPSON, full 15½ hands high, imported in the year 1784, by Alexander Donald, Eſq; alſo ſeveral fine blooded MARES and COLTS. All of which lands, Negroes, &c. will be diſpoſed of on reaſonable terms, for caſh, good bills, or tobacco, if payment can be made on or before the laſt day of October.

JOHN PAGE.

Virginia, (Roſewell) Glouceſter County,
Auguſt 14, 1786.

Ten Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the Subſcriber on the 2d inſt. from Port-Tobacco, Charles County, a Mulatto man named GEORGE, he is about 6 feet high, ſpare and raw boned, a tolerable dark Mulatto, ſlightly marked with the ſmall-pox, two of his upper fore teeth gone, has a remarkable ſcar on his face, beginning about the middle of his chin and continuing acroſs his cheek to the upper part of his neck in a kind of ridge, occaſioned by a wound with a knife, which he not long ſince accidentally received: He had on and took with him a ſuit of brown fuſtian with plain metal buttons, a light coloured fine broadcloth coat, drilling jacket and breeches, a pair of oſnaburg overalls, oſnaburg and white dowlas ſhirts, brown thread ſtockings yellow metal buckles, a dark brown great coat faced with red flannel, round caſtor hat, and ſeveral articles at this time not remembered.—He is well acquainted through the weſtern ſhore of this State, and will probably attempt to paſs as a freeman.—He took with him ſeveral letters which he was ſent to deliver and an order to a Mr. Simmes to ſet him acroſs Nanjemoy-Ferry.—Whoever apprehends the ſaid George ſo that I get him again, ſhall receive the above reward, including what the law allows, paid on application at this place or at Port-Tobacco.

J. H. STONE.

Annapolis, Sept. 8, 1786.

GOODS TO BE SOLD,

On board the ſnow Minerva, lying at Georgetown, Maryland, George Hewſon, Commander,

ENGLISH oſnaburgs, hoſiery of various kinds, hats of ditto, porter from London, Port and Liſbon wine of the beſt qualities, men and childrens' clothes made up, waiſtcoat pieces and ſheeting, &c. chintzes and cottons for ladies' gowns, with a variety of other articles too tedious to mention.

September 14, 1786.

Mary Alliſon,

At her ſtore on Fairfax-ſtreet, directly oppoſite the Court-Houſe, has for ſale on the moſt reaſonable terms,

A VERY elegant aſſortment of MILLINERY, conſiſting of caps, handkerchiefs, &c. ſilks, India chintzes, Mancheſter, India, flowered, tamboured and ſtriped muſlins, a general aſſortment of printed cottons and calicoes, tiffany handkerchiefs, aprons and trimmings, alſo gauzes and a very neat aſſortment of feathers, conſiſting of white, black and gray foxtails, figured, flat, black, white, brown, blue and pink; alſo an aſſortment of flowers, ribbons, taſte and Stormont trimmings, ſilk and thread laces and edgings, mourning fans, love handkerchiefs and ribbons, buſſoons and hair powder, with a number of other articles, too tedious to enumerate.——She begs leave to return her moſt grateful thanks to thoſe ladies who have favored her with their cuſtom, and hopes a continuance of their favor as ſhe will always ſerve them and thoſe ladies that may pleaſe to employ her on the moſt reaſonable terms.

Alexandria, Sept. 14, 1786.

To be Sold,

On Wedneſday the 20th inſtant, at JAMES RATTLE's Vendue Store,

A VARIETY of wet and dry goods, alſo a quantity of herrings in barrels of beſt quality, and a few crates of Queen's ware well aſſorted.

Alexandria, September 14, 1786.

TO BE LET,

Until the 1ſt of September, 1788.

THE DWELLING-HOUSE and STORE-HOUSE now in the tenure of the Subſcriber. There is a large and dry cellar under the whole.—The out-houſes are a kitchen, a waſh-houſe and ſtable.—A garden ſufficient for a large family belongs to the houſe.

T. H. HANSON.

Alexandria, Sept. 14, 1786.

By Order of the Adminiſtrators,

WILL BE SOLD BY

PUBLIC SALE,

On Thurſday the 15th inſtant, at the Vendue-Store, oppoſite Colonel Hooe's, a variety of merchandiſe, being the perſonal eſtate of WILLIAM ELLIS, deceaſed; conſiſting of the following articles:

IRISH linens, bedticks, Marſeilles quiltings, broadcloths, ſhalloons, velverets, table knives and forks, ſaddles, ſaddlery, hyſon tea, and many other articles too tedious to be inſerted.

P. MARSTELLER, Vendue-Maſter.

Alexandria, September 8, 1786.

THE late Major WINDSOR BROWN, informed me he had lodged with ſome gentleman a number of Treaſury Land Warrants, to be located on certain conditions; who the gentleman was I do not remember; and in conſequence of the death of the ſaid Major Brown, I, as Adminiſtrator, requeſt the perſon to deliver the papers in this buſineſs to me, or Col. Thomas Meriwether in Richmond.

JOHN LOMAX.

Alexandria, Sept. 14, 1786.

ON Monday night the 11th inſtant, ſome villains broke open my ſtore and ſtole ſundry goods to a conſiderable amount, among which were ſuperfine and common broadcloths, a remnant of ſuperfine buff caſſimer, ſundry remnants of corduroy, ſeveral pieces of chintzes, a few pieces of Iriſh linen, womens' and mens' gloves and mits, ſewing ſilk, &c. alſo an old ſmooth bored gun, ſteel mounted.—I will give FIFTY DOLLARS reward for ſecuring the thief and goods, or TWENTY DOLLARS for the delivery of the goods.

LEWIS HIPKINS.

Little-Falls of Potomack,
Sept. 13, 1786.

Fairfax County, Virginia, September 7, 1786.

WE forwarn all perſons from taking any aſſignment on a bond we gave JOHN WREN, payable the firſt of laſt Auguſt. Although we ſuppoſe Mr. WREN would not aſſign the bond, as ſome affairs are not ſettled; but for fear of deaths or accidents we think proper to give notice that we will not pay it.

JAMES HURST.
JOHN HURST.

POETRY.

The GHOST of EDWIN, A SONG.

I.

ALE gleam'd the moon on Severn's wave,
When Laura from the cottage ſtray'd,
ſtreams that murmuring lave
daiſey pied enamell'd mead.
pes on abſent Edwin reſt,
Edwin to the Indies gone;
thus a ſigh her fears expreſs'd,
! when ſhall wedlock make us one?'

II.

ad ſhe paſs'd each twilight pale,
Luna's ſlow declining ray,
at her ſide the nightingale
ted her plaints on ev'ry ſpray:
aura, hapleſs, friendleſs fair,
le to the ſtars her fruitleſs moan;
is her note of wild deſpair,
! when ſhall wedlock make us one?'

III.

the Ghoſt of Edwin came,
as the ſnow on winter's cheek,
ne! (he cries) how much to blame
as I for fortune's ſmiles to ſeek!
me a watery grave contains,
oating around the Torrid Zone:
thou, whilſt ſtill thy love complains,
n! when ſhall death behold us one!'

IV.

en the dew doth eve beſpeak,
April ſhow'rs the vernal year;
vn fair Laura's pallid cheek
am'd in anguiſh many a tear.
ſp his much-lov'd form ſhe ſtrove;
found it not, and gave a groan;
dy'd amidſt the leafy grove;
eath hath made theſe lovers one."

illiam Hartſhorne and Company,

ve for ſale at their ſtore on Hooe's wharf,
NTIGUA RUM of a very good quality, Windward Iſland ditto, Continental ditto, MOLES, SUGAR, TEAS, BAR-IRON by the
nd a variety of DRY-GOODS.
ee DWELLING-HOUSES in convenient
ons in this town to rent.
xandria, Auguſt 17, 1786.

William Hartſhorne thinks it his duty, as
rer of the Potomack Company, *once more* to
n the Subſcribers to pay up their dividends;
n particular who have not paid the firſt and
, are deſired to attend to this notice.

IE TRUSTEES of the Wincheſter Latin, Greek and Engliſh Schools, having in pur- of their advertiſement elected Mr. Armſtrong Mr. Potter, two gentlemen of character and es, to take charge of the inſtitution, do hereby notice, that the Schools will be opened on ay the 10th of July next. The price of tuition e four guineas per annum, to be paid quarterly vance. The climate is healthful, the country ful and the town growing.—Parents may therefore procure board for their children on reaſonable —Care and attention will be paid, not only Tutors but alſo by the Truſtees, to the morals nſtruction of the youth. And there being ymen of the Epiſcopal, Preſbyterian and Lu- Churches, who officiate regularly in this they will have an opportunity of attending ſervice every Sunday.

JOHN SMITH,
ROBERT MACKY,
ALEXANDER BELMAIN,
RAWLEIGH COLSTON,
JOSEPH HOLMES,
J. H. NORTON,
PHILIP BUSH,
} Truſtees.

nchester, June 15, 1786.

e MEMBERS of the XANDRIA JOCKEY CLUB are deſired to t Wise's tavern on Monday the 18th of Sept- next, at 12 o'clock, on buſineſs of importance, Treaſurer is to ſettle his accounts, and all ges muſt be paid up.
xandria, Auguſt 3, 1786.

A great Variety of BLANKS, printed on Paper, may be had at the Printing-Office.

To be SOLD,

At the PRINTING-OFFICE,

COMMON PRAYER BOOKS, as reviſed by the Convention of the Proteſtant Epiſcopal Church.——A SERMON preached at Chriſt Church in Philadelphia, at the opening of the Convention on the 21ſt of June, 1786, by the Rev. William White, D. D.——

Alſo, a few Copies of the HISTORY of a SESSION of the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of the STATE of MARYLAND, held at the CITY of ANNAPOLIS, commenced in November, 1785.

For SALE,

On the moſt reaſonable terms,

ELEVEN HUNDRED ACRES of exceeding good LAND, in Frederick county, Virginia, known by the name of Locuſt Level, about eight miles from Wincheſter, on the main road which leads from thence to Philadelphia; whereon is a convenient two ſtory dwelling-houſe, with barns and other neceſſary out-houſes, a good orchard, and twenty-two acres of meadow land. There are between four and five hundred acres cleared and the reſt well timbered.

Should it not be convenient for one perſon to purchaſe the whole, it may be divided, ſo as to make two very good plantations. One-third of the purchaſe-money to be paid down, £. 500 in December, 1787, and long credit will be given for the remainder, the purchaſer giving bond with approved ſecurity. The price may be known by applying to Colonel JOHN SMITH, near Wincheſter, or the ſubſcriber, who will be on the premiſes till the laſt of September next.

NATHANIEL BURWELL.

Auguſt 24, 1786.

The Truſtees appointed by

act of Aſſembly of the State of Virginia, for eſtabliſhing a Town by the name of KINSALE, on the lands of CATESBY JONES, in the County of Weſtmoreland, give notice, that they will attend at Kinſale on Tueſday the 19th of September next, to diſpoſe of the lots in ſaid town by public auction as the act directs.—The greater part of the lots adjoin the water, and on ſome there are a dwelling-houſe, ſtorehouſe, ſtable, barn, kitchen, dairy, granary, warehouſe, and other buildings, which are in good repair and very commodious.

July 18, 1786.

FOR SALE,

TWO HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, on the head of Cub-Run in Loudon County, now in good order for cropping, with upwards of twenty-five acres of meadow, and more may be made with little expence.—There are on the premiſes a good dwelling-houſe, twenty-eight feet long, and eighteen feet wide, two rooms on a floor, a barn, ſtables, corn-houſes and other neceſſary buildings; two hundred apple trees of excellent fruit, and a never failing ſpring within thirty ſteps from the houſe.—The land is well timbered, level, and clear of ſtone, and is within twenty-five miles of Alexandria, and the title is indiſputable. For terms apply to the Subſcriber on the Premiſes.

FRANCIS KEEN.

Auguſt 24, 1786.

For SALE,

At twenty ſhillings per acre, and may be entered on immediately,

A PLANTATION containing 164 acres, ſituated one mile from the Falls Church, five from the Falls Warehouſe, and ten from Alexandria; a part of it is ſuitable for meadow; it has excellent water and ſome improvements.

JOHN FOWLER.

Auguſt 21, 1786.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber living in Fauquier county, near Elkrun Church, on Sunday the 27th inſtant, a ſervant man named JOHN READ; he is about twenty years of age, dark complexion, ſhort brown hair, and thin beard: He had on when he went away a ſailor's jacket of white cloth, bound round with black ferreting, and an old red waiſtcoat, a ſmall wool hat tarred on the crown, a pair of brown linen trouſers, and took with him two brown linen ſhirts, a pair of home made cotton breeches, a bed quilt of blue linſey quilted, lined with brown linen; is an Engliſhman born, but ſpeaks much like an Iriſhman, is very fond of ſmoaking tobacco, and of ſtrong liquor when he can get it. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant man, and delivers him to the ſubſcriber, ſhall receive the above reward and reaſonable charges, or if lodged in any gaol ſo that the owner may get him again, the above reward will be paid.

JAMES COCHRAN.

Fauquier County, Aug. 28, 1786.

State of Maryland, Prince-George's County, Collington Meadow, September 1, 1786.

FOR SALE,

THE high bred imported Mare PHILLIS with a Foal by her ſide, and is now in Foal by the imported Horſe ECLIPSE, who is alſo for ſale, and the noted Horſe UNION, a beautiful high bred Filly, riſing five years old, both ſtout and well formed. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may know the terms by applying to

RICHARD B. HALL.

To all whom this may concern.

WHEREAS great complaints have been made reſpecting the County Wharf being lumbred—I hereby give this public notice, that all kinds of lumber landed on ſaid wharf, if not taken away within forty-eight hours after being landed, ſhall be ſubject to the following rates of wharfage as the law directs:

For every 1000 ſtaves, 1s. per day after the limited time. For every 1000 ſhingles, 6d. per ditto. For every cord of wood, 1s. per ditto, and all other kind of lumber to be charged in proportion. It is earneſtly requeſted that all thoſe who have ſtone, wood, or any thing elſe, will have it removed within the limited time, after this notice, otherwiſe they may expect being called upon for the wharfage as the law directs.

JOSEPH GREENWAY, Harbour-Maſter.

September, 7, 1786.

THE ALEXANDRIA RACES will certainly commence on Tueſday the 10th day of October next.—The Frederickſburg Races commencing on the ſame day advertiſed by the Alexandria Club, has occaſioned our poſtponing the Alexandria Races to the 10th of October.

B. DULANY, Preſident.

Aug. 7, 1786.

Eight Dollars Reward.

ESCAPED from the brigantine Greyhound, Thomas Maxfield, maſter, lying in the harbour of Baltimore, on the 26th of Auguſt inſt. an indented ſervant man, named DAVID SHEHAN, about twenty-four years of age, five feet ſeven inches high, dark complexion, ſhort black hair, and well made: He had on a ſailor's blue jacket and ſtriped trouſers; he was ſeen on the road below Bladenſburg, and it is ſuppoſed he is now in the neighbourhood of Alexandria. Any perſon that will ſecure him ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall receive the above reward by applying to STEWART and PLUNKETT, in Baltimore, or to WILLIAM DEAKINS, junior, of George-Town.

Auguſt, 30, 1786.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, on Saturday the 19th of Auguſt, a Negro man named WILL, about twenty-five years of age, four feet 9 or 10 inches high, well made, bow legged very hollow backed, and of a ſmiling countenance: He had on when he went away an oſnaburg ſhirt and trouſers, a blue and white mixed country cloth jacket, and felt hat; he was taken up near Bladenſburg but made his eſcape, and was ſeen to go through Bladenſburg the next day; he changed his name and paſſed for a free man. Whoever takes up the ſaid Negro, and ſecures him in gaol, ſo that the owner may get him again, ſhall receive SIX DOLLARS reward, and if brought home EIGHT DOLLARS, beſides what the law allows, and all reaſonable charges paid.

HENRY PLUMMER.

Anne-Arundel County, near Mount-Pleaſant, Maryland, September 2, 1786.

Taken up on my plantation

the 11th day of Auguſt laſt, a bright BAY HORSE, about 14 hands high, four or five years old, has a black mane, tail and fetlocks, ſeveral white ſpots near his ſhoulder, occaſioned by the ſaddle, and a white ſpot on the left ſide of his neck, and is in pretty good order. The owner may have him by proving property, and paying the charge of this advertiſement.

SAMUEL ARELL.

September 1, 1786.

Taken up by the Subſcriber, about the 10th inſtant,

A flat bottomed boat. The

owner, by proving property and paying charges, may have her again. JOHN ROBERTSON.

Dog-Run, Auguſt 24, 1786.

ALEXANDRIA: Printed by GEORGE RICHARDS and COMPANY, at their Printing-Office on *Fairfax-ſtreet*——by whom *Advertiſements, &c.* are thankfully received for this Paper,——and where Printing is performed with Care and Expedition.

The ALEXA

(VOL. III.)

William Hunter, ju

Has for ſale, on the moſt reaſonable te
caſh or country produce,

JAMAICA SPIRITS by the puncheon,
Old Cogniac brandy in pipes,
Fyal wine in ditto,
Mountain ditto in butts,
Port ditto in hogſheads,
Raiſins of the caſks,
Ditto bloom in
Liverpool ſalt,
St. Ubes, ditto,
A variety of dr

Alexandria, September 14, 1786.

FOR SALE,

LAND IN VIRGINIA.

ABOUT 1300 acres in the County of within 40 miles of Alexandria, lying Run, well ſuited for cropping or farming, part of the land has never been cleared, been judged that there are near 250 acres o land within the tract, and good apple and chards.—This land will be ſhewn by Mr. man, who lives near the place; and caſh, on any part of Great-Britain, or good mer crop tobacco, will be received in payme great advantage may be made by the who will pay for the land by the 16th o next.—Matthew Whiting, Eſq; in Prince on Bull-Run, will treat for the ſale of this

The ſubſcriber will alſo ſell one-fourth in the Diſmal-Swamp, amounting to ab acres; and about 400 acres in the Green Se two tracts are equal in ſoil and timber to in the State, and are very convenient to th ing towns of Norfolk, Portſmouth, and S

He will alſo ſell one half of his int TRACT of LAND called the Frying-Pa the County of Loudon, and amounting 1000 acres.—Alſo two ſmall TRACTS in Glouceſter County, conveniently ſitu reſpect to navigation, fiſh and oyſters, court-houſe, mills, and the towns of Wil York, and Urbanna.

The ſubſcriber has alſo for ſale, a NEGROES; the high blooded, highly fo beautiful Bay Stud SAMPSON, full 15½ h imported in the year 1784, by Alexand Eſq; alſo ſeveral fine blooded MARES an All of which lands, Negroes, &c. will b of on reaſonable terms, for caſh, good b bacco, if payment can be made on or bef day of October.

JOHN P

Virginia, (Roſewell) Glouceſter County, Auguſt 14, 1786.

THE late Major WINDSOR BR formed me he had lodged with ſo man a number of Treaſury Land War located on certain conditions; who the was I do not remember; and in conſequ death of the ſaid Major Brown, I, as Ad requeſt the perſon to deliver the papers neſs to me, or Col. Thomas Meriwethe mond.

JOHN L

Alexandria, Sept. 14, 1786.

Fairfax County, Virginia, September

WE forwarn all perſons from taking ment on a bond we gave JOH payable the firſt of laſt Auguſt. Althoug Mr. WREN would not aſſign the bon affairs are not ſettled; but for fear of de dents we think proper to give notice t not pay it.

JAMES
JOHN H